Flexible Lightweight Scalable Software Analysis

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model-based feature interaction analysis (past work)



GOAL: system-wide interaction analysis



- No system-wide model
- Heterogeneous components
 - legacy, generated, third-party
 - distributed ECUs
 - bus-based communications
- 100 million lines of code (roughly)
- High variability (SPL)

http://www.flexautomotive.net/EMCFLEXBLOG/post/2015/09/08/can-bus-for-controller-area-network)



Flexible Lightweight Scalable Software Analysis

flexible, lightweight, scalable software analysis



facts (entities, relations, attributes)

entities				
components				
classes	rela	tionships		
functions	ROS	node receives message from ROS node		
variables	varia	ble on RHS of variable	e assignment	
ROS nodes	funct	tion calls function		
	funct	tion reads variable	attributes	
	funct	tion writes variable	function is a callba	ack
	class	contains function	variable used in co	ontrol-flow decision



facts (entities, relations, attributes)

C++ Code
class Square {
public:
int getArea() {
int area = size * size;
return area;
}
int size;
};





facts (graph database)







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query language (over a graph database)

General Path Queries

- Call flows
- Information flows (assignments, parameter passing, message passing)

Interaction Queries

- Communication loops (possible delays, nontermination)
- Race conditions (possible nondeterminism)
- Multiple inputs (possible livelock)
- Control-flow alteration (variable assignment flows to control-flow decision)





Demo

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Source Code Files (#)	9,289
Source code (LoC)	1,475,643*
Header Files (#)	10,131
Header Files (LoC)	623,068*
Generated Nodes (#)	206,531
Generated Relationships (#)	590,463

*generated using David A. Wheeler's 'SLOCCount'



Nodes = "module" = group of files with same prefix **Edges** = inter-module communication

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Example: Control-Flow Alteration Query

Detect whether or not a function call to some function **bar** depends on some global variable **globVar**, which could have been written to by another function **foo**



Interactions among Modules (#) pairs of components (not paths)	587, 998
Behaviour Alterations among Functions (#) paths	6,231,572
Behaviour Alterations among Functions (#) paths (without loops)	32,287
Behaviour Alterations among Functions (#) paths (without loops & involving more than one module)	27,479



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behaviour alterations among functions paths (without loops & involving more than one module)

- Of the 27,479 detected paths, most are small
- **Triage:** Higher path rate may indicate higher chance of error





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current work (precision)

1) Improving the **precision** of the fact extraction and static analysis





current work (scalability)

2) Improving the **scalability** of path queries



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current work (user experience)

3) Reporting and **visualizing** query results



4) Improving the user experience in making follow-up queries



current work (variability)

5) Investigating variability-aware interaction analysis



- extracting the conditions under which facts hold
- querying over configurations of factbases
- exploring configurations of factbases

Shahin, Chechik, Salay. "Lifting Datalog-Based Analyses to Software Product Lines", FSE19.



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current work

Improving **precision** of the extraction and analysis



Improving scalability of path queries



Reporting and visualizing query results



Improving the **user experience** in making follow-up queries

Supporting **variability**-aware extraction, analyses, and exploration

1	class BaseFeature { };
2	class FeatureA : public BaseFeature { };
S	class FeatureB : public BaseFeature { };
4	
5	bool config_A; // Given a value somehow
-6	
7	int main () {
8	BaseFeature +p;
9	if (config_A) {
10	FeatureA *a = new FeatureA;
11	p = a;
12	} else {
13	FeatureB +b = new FeatureB;
14	p = b;
15	}
16	p->execute ();
17)

